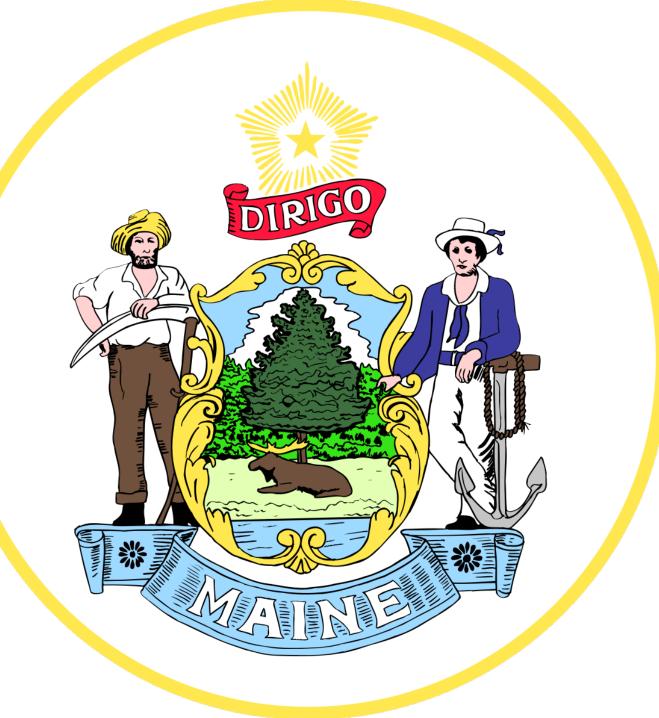
Why, Who, What, When, and How Maine Passed the First EPR for Packaging Law in the U.S.







# Natural Resources Council of Maine





### Maines Product Stewardship Framework Law

- ✓ Sets product stewardship as state policy to support waste management hierarchy;
- ✓ Defines product stewardship program components;
- ✓ Requires DEP to submit a status report each January and solicit comments;
- ✓ Provides criteria for identifying candidates for new product stewardship programs.

#### In 2018, the time was ripe to move on EPR for Packaging

Costs to cities and towns disrupting recycling programs

China National Sword Exposed Fundamental Flaws with Status Quo Plastic Pollution Crisis in Public Eye

# Maine DEP Signals Support in <u>2019 Annual</u> <u>Product Stewardship Report</u> to the Legislature



Packaging fits 4/5 criteria

Increase recovery Reduce costs for towns Evidence of success elsewhere Voluntary not working



Estimates \$16-\$17.5M cost for municipalities

All costs associated with packaging



Explains concern with producer run program

Monopoly

Fairness

Transparency



## RECYCLING REF 23 RM FOR MAINE

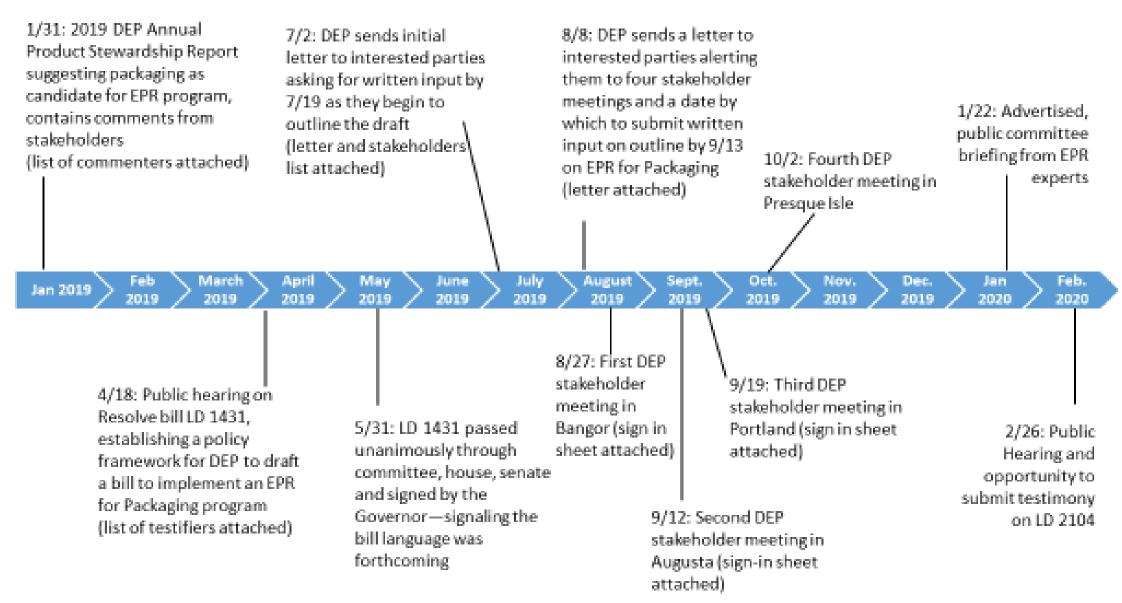
More Effective. More Sustainable. More Equitable. LD 1431, Resolve to Support Municipal Recycling Programs passed unanimously in 2019.

Directed DEP to write the bill (LD 2104) with these guardrails:

- Reimbursement to towns for recycling costs
- Exemption of bottle bill material
- Did not include paper
- Eco-modulated fees
- Data transparency and reporting
- Assistance to municipalities

# LD 2104 Stakeholder Engagement Timeline

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# Key Parts of First EPR Bill, LD 2104

#### Governance Structure

- No Program Plan
- Details done in rulemaking
- One Stewardship Organization

#### **Bad Amendments**

- Sweeping exemptions
- Producer off-ramp
- Major Substantive Rulemaking

#### Pandemic Shutdown

- Passed committee
- Never taken up in House/Senate



LD 1541: An Act to Support and Improve Municipal Recycling Programs and Save Taxpayer Money

people guidel 1e stan ination GOVERNANCE team mfinance law compliance di rection regulation skill power indust ment

#### **Maine DEP's Approach:**

- Fairness and protection for municipalities, recyclers, haulers, and small businesses
- Incentives and funding for improvements in system
- Transparent data, accountability
- No fox watching henhouse

## Who's in and Who's Out

#### **SMALL PRODUCER EXEMPTION**

 Gross Revenue < \$5M year for first 3 years then drops to <\$2M</li>

or

 Generate less than 1 ton packaging/year; or < 15tons for perishable food producers

or

• More than 50% of gross revenue from sale of goods acquired from salvages, liquidations, etc.

also

• The definition of producer excludes non-profits

#### LOW-VOLUME PRODUCERS

- ✓ That generate between 1 and 15 tons packaging/year...
- ✓ Have a choice to pay flat fee, or material specific fees that large producers pay.
- ✓ Flat fees are on tiered basis and capped.
  - ✓ Low volume producer fees would not exceed \$500/ton or \$7,500 total for the year

## Producer fees based on weight and type of packaging

# Annual fees paid must reflect per-ton costs associated with material:

- Collection
- Processing
- Transportation
- Recycling Fees
- Investments in education and infrastructure
- Share of administrative costs

<u>"Eco-modulated" adjustments to the fees must incentivize:</u>

- Reduction in packaging
- Reuse of packaging
- Lower toxicity in packaging
- Use of post-consumer recycled content in packaging
- "Readily Recyclable" packaging
- Accurate recycling instructions for consumers

# Reimbursing Municipalities for Costs of Managing Packaging Waste



Municipalities can join in groups



Participating municipalities must collect all "readily recyclable" material



Annual reimbursements on median per-ton costs for similar muni's optimizes program efficiency



Per-capita payments for packaging disposal costs was taken out

## EPR Program Goals Established in Rulemaking



#### **Producer goals:**

Packaging reduction

Packaging reuse

Increased post-consumer recycled content in packaging



#### **Municipal goals:**

Increased access Increased collection/participation



#### **Overall program goals:**

Collection rate vs. Recycling rate Litter reduction

# **Recycling Standard Defined**







Sorted glass is considered recycled if it does not require further processing before entering a glass furnace or before use in the production of filtration media, abrasive materials, glass fiber insulation or construction materials; Sorted metal is considered recycled if it does not require further processing before entering a smelter or furnace; Sorted paper is considered recycled if it does not require further processing before entering a pulping operation; and Plastic separated by polymer is considered recycled if it does not require further processing before entering a pelletization, extrusion or molding operation or, in the case of plastic flakes, does not require further processing before use in a final product;

## New, Helpful Data = Continuous Improvement



Amount and type of packaging sold into the State each year



Was that material collected for recycling in fact recycled?



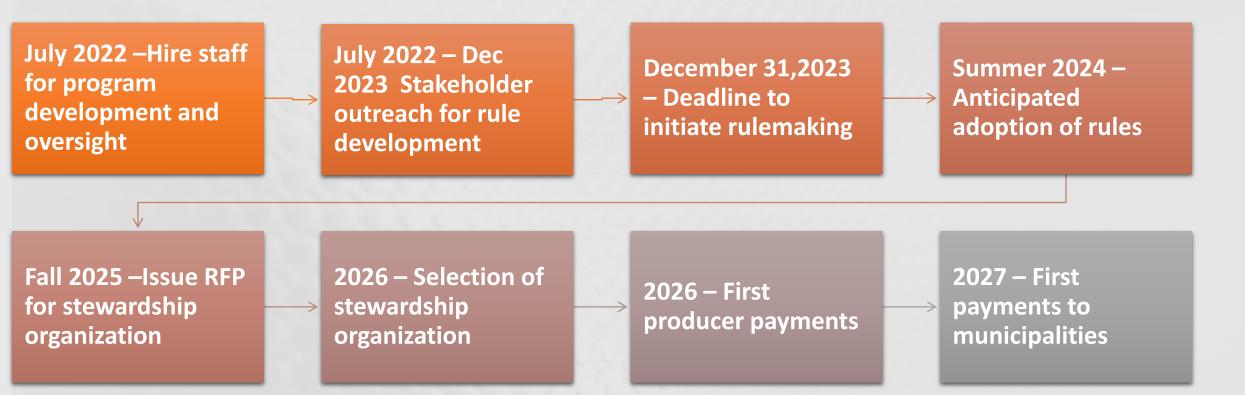
Regular audits of:

Waste stream

Recycling stream

Litter in Maine





Email: <u>MainePackagingEPR@maine.gov</u> to be added to list of interested parties and receive updates from DEP

How we did in Maine; Advocacy tips for EPR

## Need Lead Organizers







Bring and keep allies together

Information and messaging hub

Keep key players upto-date and on task







## Need Champion Lawmakers





# Need a Diverse Stakeholder Coalition



ENVIRONMENTAL COMMUNITY

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MUNICIPALITIES

**BUSINESSES** 

## Need a deliberate messaging and media strategy

- Save taxpayer money and help towns
  - Someone is paying; shifts costs
- EPR is a proven solution used all over the world
  - Maps and Lists
- Increase long-term effectiveness of recycling in Maine
  - Supportive data from other places



## Beware Bad Faith Industry Bills like LD 1471

"A recycling bill written by packaging manufacturers is like a drug enforcement bill written by Pablo Escobar"

#### Campaign for Recycling and the Environment

CRE Sponsored · Paid for by Campaign for Recycling and the Environment

Most Mainers agree, our recycling system is broken. LD 1471 has the framework to modernize our state's recycling infrastructure and decrease waste.



Campaign for Recycling and the Environment CRE Sponsored · Paid for by Campaign for Recycling and the Environment

Excess packaging waste is threatening our environment. Tell your lawmaker, packaging stewardship is the comprehensive solution to modernize our recycling system.



Campaign for Recycling and the Environ Sponsored · Paid for by Campaign for Recyclin Environment

Haven't grocery prices risen enough? Now is not the t new grocery tax.



# NOT CRE DIBLE NO CRE DIBLITY

## IN CREASING WASTE



CRE = CORPORATIONS RUINING THE ENVIRONMENT

CRE Sponsored · Paid for by Campaign for Recycling and the Environment

With prices rising at the supermarket, now is not the time to pass the first-in-the-nation EPR bill that will create a new grocery tax.



"Everyone in Maine will only be able to afford potatoes and spaghetti as a result of this law"





Know your must haves vs. nice to haves

✓ Printed paper; junk mail
✓ Product Like Packaging
✓ Commercial Packaging
✓ Responsible End-Markets
✓ Faster timeline

# DON'T LET PERFECT **BE THE** ENEMY OF GOOD

# The Times They Are A-Changin'

NO! to Corporations Gaslighting and Shaming of Individuals

# Gaslighting

A subtle form of emotional manipulation that often results in the recipient doubting their perception of reality and their sanity.

#### YES! to Accountability and Corporate Responsibility



# Thank you!



Protecting the Nature of Maine

www.nrcm.org



Reach me at sarah@nrcm.org or (207) 430-0170