





Victor Bell *US Managing Director*

January 22, 2020

Specialists in global environmental packaging and product stewardship compliance





- For major international clients, Lorax/EPI analyzes EPR and stewardship legislation to help address new or existing requirements.
- Using our redipoint® software, we take customer data and provide EPR reports for any type or jurisdiction across the world.
- Our software can also create costs analyses against bills of materials in every market a product is sold. We apply our expensive knowledge of EPR rules in each country to improve report accuracy, minimize fee impacts and evaluate new packaging designs with respect to waste fees.

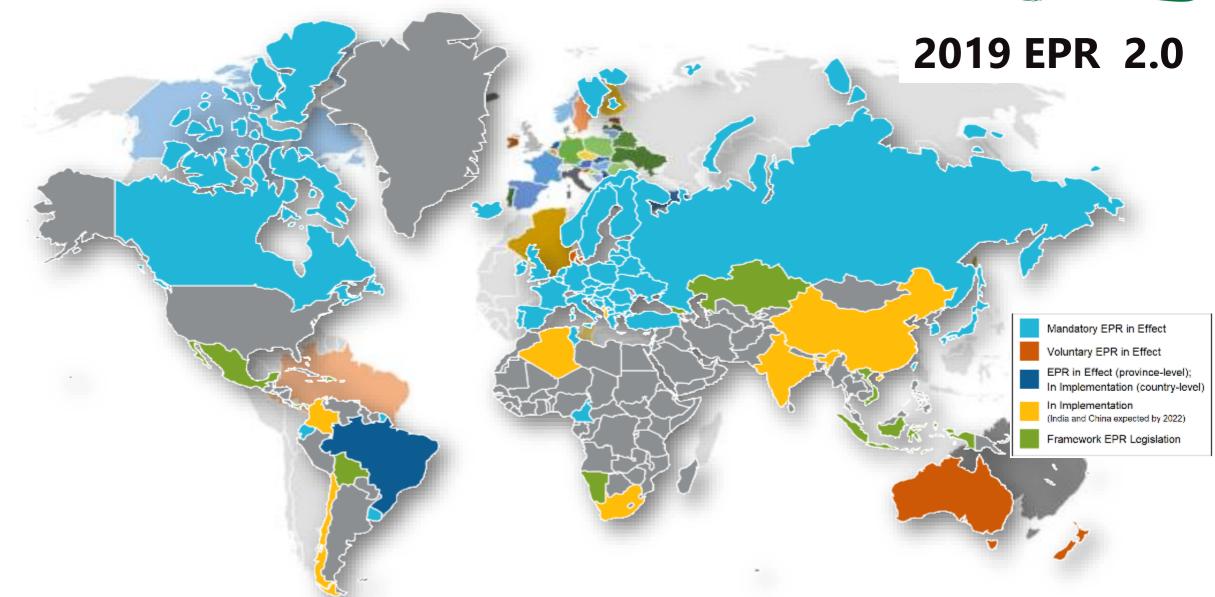
PACKAGING RECYCLING LEVIES



- The main purpose of Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) funding is to build infrastructure for collecting materials to be recycled
 - Countries with EPR have more advanced recycling programs and technology
 - EPR subsidizes recycling markets
- In countries with packaging EPR, companies must pay levies on all product packaging (and sometimes printed paper) they sell
 - The levies are designed to fund recycling efforts
- Packaging levies started in Germany in the early 1990s (der Grüne Punkt or Green Dot) and quickly spread to all European countries
 - More recently packaging levies have spread to other countries around the world
- The issue is referred to as green dot fees, packaging and product levies or EPR (Extended Producer Responsibility)

EVOLUTION OF PACKAGING EPR: 1990s TO PRESENT





THE COST OF PACKAGING EPR

CANADA 2018

Source: CSSA Report to Stewards 2019, EEQ Consultation on the 2020 Schedule of Contributions

British Columbia (100% EPR)

Citizens serviced: 4,578,000 Net cost: CAD \$88,728,670

\$14.55 USD per capita

(\$11.75 in 2017)

78.1% recovery rate

Manitoba (80% EPR)

Citizens serviced: 1,206,959 Net cost: CAD \$36,371,598

\$22.97 USD per capita

(\$16.26 in 2017)

77.2% recovery rate

Saskatchewan (75% EPR)

Citizens serviced: 852,331 Net cost: CAD \$6,040,044

\$5.36 USD per capita

(\$5.04 in 2017)

70.1% recovery rate



Québec (100% EPR)

Citizens serviced: 8,345,193 Net cost: CAD \$170,500,000

\$15.64 USD per capita

(\$13.50 in 2017)

63% recovery rate

Ontario (50% EPR)

Citizens serviced: 13,078,155 Net cost: CAD \$299,307,268

\$17.61 USD per capita

(\$14.26 in 2017)

60.2% recovery rate

MMSM Net Cost = 100% municipal costs, 100% commodity revenues, Promotion & Education, regulatory, market development and all other program management costs

SO Net Cost = supply chain costs, commodity revenues, P&E, market development and program management costs

REPORTING CATEGORIES VARY BY PROVINCE



Category	Material					
	Newsprint					
	Magazines and Catalogues					
PRINTED PAPER	Telephone Books					
	Other Printed Paper					
	Corrugated Cardboard					
	Boxboard					
PAPER PACKAGING	Gable Top Cartons					
	Paper Laminates					
	Aseptic Containers					
	PET Containers					
	HDPE Containers					
PLASTICS	Plastic Film					
PLASTICS	Plastic Laminates					
	Polystyrene					
	Other Plastics					
	Other Steel Packaging					
STEEL	Steel Aerosols					
	Steel Paint Cans					
ALUMINUM	Aluminum Food & Milk Containers					
ALOMINOW	Other Aluminum Packaging					
GLASS	Clear Glass					
- GLASS	Coloured Glass					

Recycle BC
VS.
Éco Entreprises
Québec

Category	Material				
PRINTED	Newsprint Inserts & Circulars				
MATTER	Printed Matter				
	Corrugated Carton & Kraft Paper				
	Boxboard & Other Paper Packaging				
PAPER/ CARDBOARD	Gable-Top Containers				
	Aseptic Containers				
	Laminated Paper				
	PET Bottles & Containers				
	HDPE Bottles & Containers <5 L.				
PLASTICS	Plastic Film, Bags & Plastic Laminates				
	PVC, PLA and Polystyrenes				
	Other Plastics				
STEEL	Steel				
ALUMINUM	Aluminum				
CLASS	Clear Glass				
GLASS	Coloured Glass				

THE COST OF PACKAGING EPR EUROPE 2017





CITEO



Italy - Conai

- Citizens serviced: 55,000,000
- Net cost: € 524,000,000
- Number of clients*: 8,500
- Municipalities covered: 6,700
- \$10.61 USD per capita

France - Citeo

- Citizens serviced: 64,850,000
- Net cost: € 665,000,000
- Number of clients*: 22,741
- Municipalities covered: 36,508
- \$11.42 USD per capita

Belgium – Fost Plus

- Citizens serviced: 11,000,000
- Net cost: € 144,300,000
- Number of clients*: 5,000
- Municipalities covered: 589
- \$14.61 USD per capita

^{*}Clients = brand owners or retailers paying fees into the system

REPORTING CATEGORIES VARY BY COUNTRY



Italy

Category	Material				
	Paper				
PAPER	Multimaterial Packaging Predominantly Paper				
	Level A – Sortable & Recyclable C&I				
PLASTIC	Level B1 – Household w/ Effective & Consolidated Sorting/Recycling				
	Level B2 – Household Other Sortable & Recyclable				
	Level C - Not Sortable/Recyclable				
STEEL	Steel				
ALUMINUM	Aluminum				
GLASS	Glass				
Wood	Wood				

France

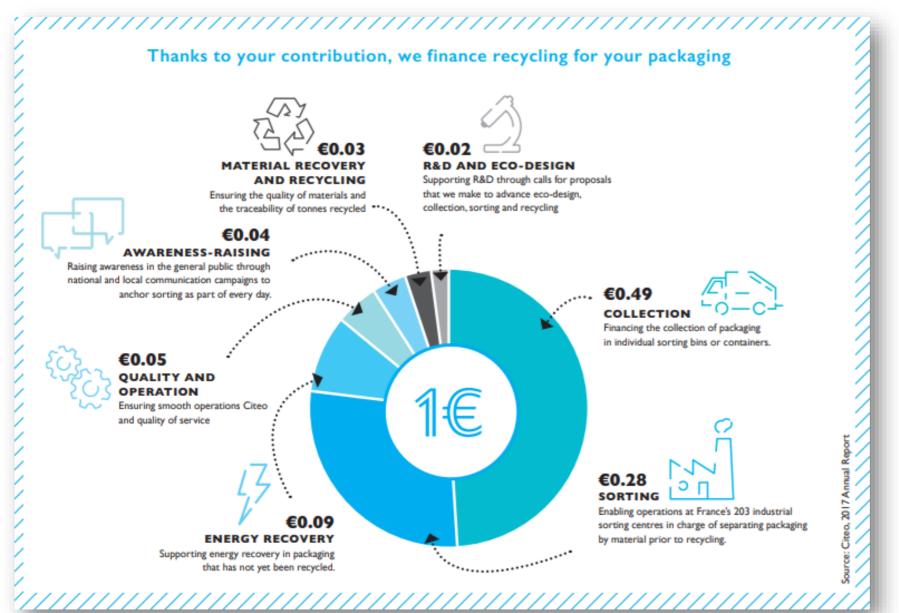
Category	Material				
PAPER &	Paper/Cardboard				
CARDBOARD	Brick				
	Bottle/Vial in Clear PET				
	Bottle/Vial in Coloured PET, PE or PP				
	Rigid Packaging in PE, PP or PET				
PLASTIC	Flexible PE				
	PS Rigid				
	Complex or Other Resins Excluding PVC				
	Packaging Containing PVC				
STEEL	Steel				
ALUMINUM	Aluminum				
GLASS	Glass				
OTHER	Wood, Cork, Textiles, Etc.				
OTHER MATERIALS	Stoneware, Porcelain, Ceramic				

Belgium

Category	Material		
PAPER & CARDBOARD	Paper/Cardboard (>85%)		
	PET Bottles & Flasks		
PLASTIC	HDPE Bottles & Flasks		
	Plastics Other		
STEEL	Steel (>50%)		
ALUMINUM	Aluminum (>50%)		
GLASS	Glass		
	Beverage Cartons		
OTHER MATERIALS	Complex Packaging, Valued		
	Complex Packaging, Non-Valued		

CITEO – WHERE YOUR MONEY GOES





MRFs in the USA (where no packaging EPR is in place) lose an estimated \$64 for every ton of material processed.

Negative values come primarily from mixed paper, glass and residual streams rather than plastic.

FRANCE: CITEO 2020 RATES



CITEO currently only has one EPR fee for all plastics. Beginning in 2020, there will be **7 categories for plastic packaging "to reflect the level of development of recycling facilities":**

Material Dates

	Material Kates
Plastic	(ct €/kg):
Bottle and vial in clear PET	28,88
Bottle and vial in coloured PET, in PE or PP	30,92
Rigid packaging in PE, PP or PET	33,30
Flexible PE packaging	36,08
PS rigid packaging	38,85
Complex packaging or other resins excluding PVC	41,63
Packaging containing PVC	48,57
	Bottle and vial in clear PET Bottle and vial in coloured PET, in PE or PP Rigid packaging in PE, PP or PET Flexible PE packaging PS rigid packaging Complex packaging or other resins excluding PVC

Source: CITEO 2020 rates for recycling household packaging

FRANCE: CITEO 2020 DISRUPTOR FEES



Penalty (malus) fees:

- 100% for PET packaging using mineral opacifiers at a > 4% rate
- 100% for bottles without a recycling channel (i.e. plastic bottles that are not made of PET, HDPE or PP)
- **50%** for disruptive packaging, such as:
 - Glass other than soda-lime, or glass with a disruptive infused element such as ceramic
 - Reinforced cardboard
 - Rigid colored PET combined with aluminum, PVC, or silicone
- 10% for disruptive packaging, such as:
 - Glass with a non-magnetic steel closing system
 - Rigid plastics that are dark in color and not detectable by optical sorting, or made of PE or PP with high density
 - PET containing glass beads
 - Cardboard/paper packaging with inks with mineral oils

FRANCE: CITEO 2020 BONUS FEES



Bonus (discount) fees:

- 50% for PE or PP packaging containing at least 50% recycled material
- 8% for recyclability improvement (i.e. switching to a mono-material packaging system or reducing packaging units in a sales unit)
- 8% for using complete sorting guidelines for all packaging units including Triman
- 5% for using the Triman logo without related sorting instructions
- 4% for awareness actions on sorting, such as on TV/radio, display, press or digital medium with purchase of space

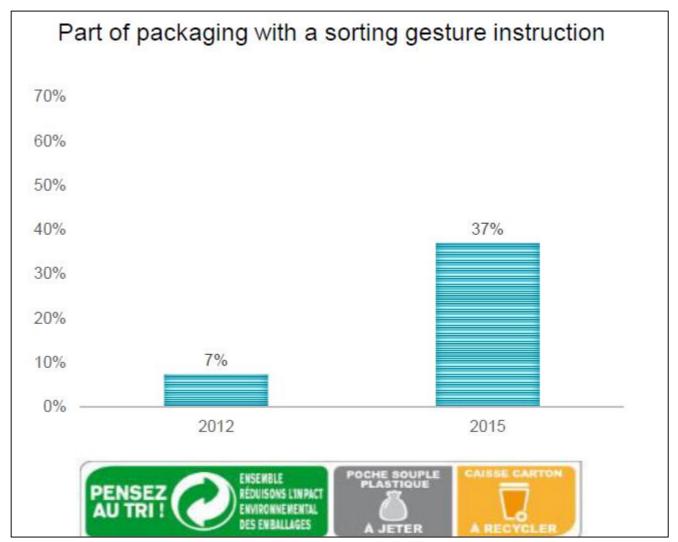


Triman logo:

Mandatory in France. Its purpose is to provide a more understandable symbol for consumers to know what is recyclable (replaces Green Dot)



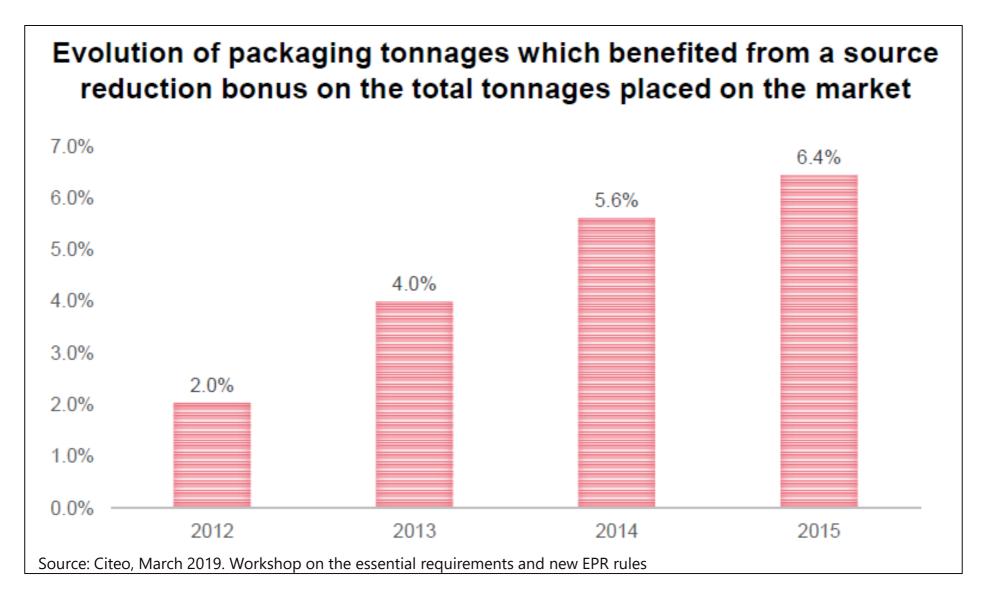




Source: Citeo, March 2019. Workshop on the essential requirements and new EPR rules

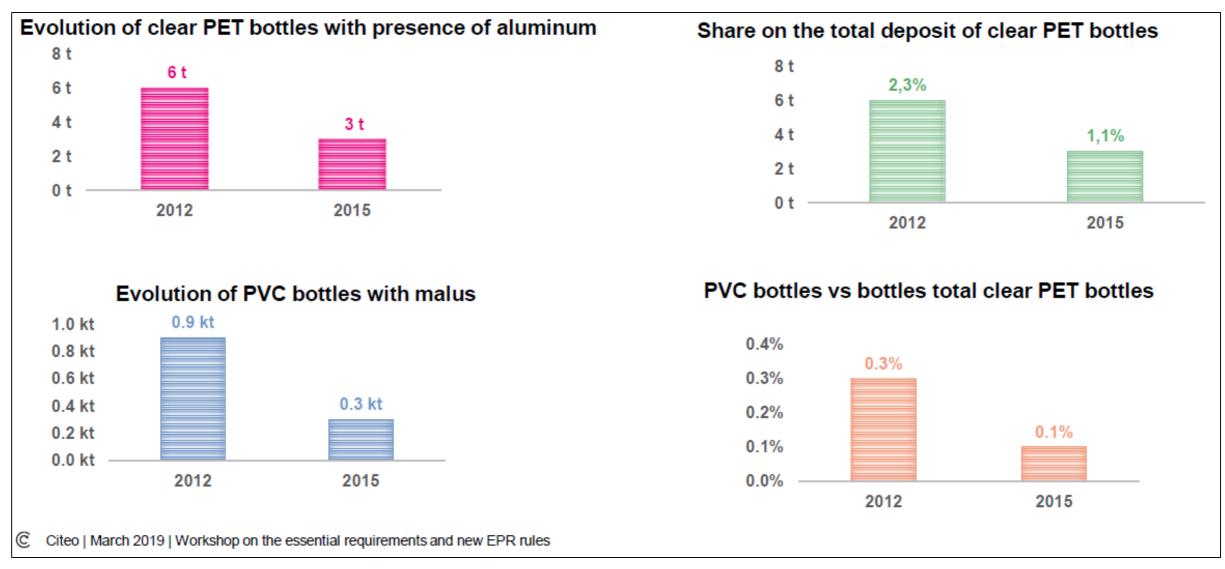
MODULATING FEES LEAD TO SOURCE REDUCTION





EVOLUTION OF PET BOTTLE DESIGN IN FRANCE





ITALY – CONAI FEES 2020



	Material Type				
	LEVEL A Sortable and recyclable packaging – "Commerce & Industry" circuit	0.150			
Plactic	LEVEL B1 Domestic circuit packaging with an effective and consolidated selection and recycling chain	0.208			
Plastic	LEVEL B2 Packaging with a sorting and recycling chain in the process of consolidation and development, both domestic and C&I	0.263 0.436 (from 1/1/2020)			
	LEVEL C Packaging not sortable/recyclable with current technologies	0.369 0.546 (from 1/1/2020)			

A: Liners, large bags, water dispenser bottles, shrink film for over-wrapping, bubble wrap, cans over 5L, etc.

B1: PET bottles and detergent bottles that are non-multilayer and transparent, HDPE and PP bottles, detergent bottles and cans over 5L that are not black and without covering labels, etc.

B2: Reusable bags, mechanical dispensers, caps, closures and lids, etc.

C: Rigid packaging, including presentation containers, cans and jars, etc. of any shape/size, foam crates, foam or rigid protective elements, labels, disposable plates and cups, tubes, etc.

NETHERLANDS – AFVALFONDS VERPAKKING MODULATED FEES FOR PLASTIC PACKAGING



As of January 1, 2019, a lower rate applies to plastic goods that can be sorted and recycled with a positive market value. Modulated plastic fees for 2020:

- Non-Recyclable Plastics: € 0.60/kg
 - "All plastic packaging that cannot be unequivocally identified as being recyclable within the current systems of collection, sorting and recycling existing in the Netherlands", including biodegradable plastics
- Easily Recyclable Plastics: € 0.34/kg

"Recyclable" plastic packaging materials in the Netherlands must meet four conditions:

- Made from type of plastic that is collected, has a market value and/or is supported by a legally mandated program
- 2. Sorted in predefined streams for recycling processes
- 3. Processed and recovered/recycled using commercial recycling processes
- 4. Recycled plastic is used as a raw material for the production of new products

NETHERLANDS RIGID PLASTIC PACKAGING DECISION TREE



This recycle check is only designed for rigid plastic packaging Source: KIDV Recycle Check rigid plastic packaging – version 2019, 20 November 2018 Beforehand a. Is it a rigid plastic packaging? No materials; the KIDV is developing separate recycle checks for other packaging materials. Yes b. Is it a packaging for medical products or one that should be Packaging materials for medication or those that should be Yes disposed of as part of the small chemical or residual waste disposed of in the small chemical or residual waste streams are not part of this Recycle Check. Click here for more stream? No Oxo-degradable plastics are interferents in the recycling 1. Is the packaging free of oxo-degradable material? No process. Interferents Yes PVC and PVdC interfere with the recycling of other plastics. 2. Is the packaging free of PVC or PVdC? No Yes Silicone components interfere with the recycling of other 3. Is the packaging free of silicone components? No plastics. Yes 4. Does the largest component of the packaging consist of Packaging materials made from other types of plastic are PE or PP or PET? currently not optimally recyclable. Material No Packaging materials made from multi-layer materials or those 5. Does the largest component consist exclusively of a mono-No material without multi-layers, coatings or fillers? with a coating impede the recycling process.

NETHERLANDS RIGID PLASTIC PACKAGING DECISION TREE



Yes 2018 6. Is the packaging larger than 5 centimetres and is its volume Packaging materials that are too large or too small are No smaller than or equal to 5 litres? currently not sorted for recycling. 20 November Yes Sorting 7. Does the largest component of the packaging have a colour Most sorting facilities currently do not detect or sort black No packaging materials. other than black? Yes version 2019, 8. Does the packaging have a label or sleeve and is it sortable Labels and sleeves impede the recycling process due to their No and recyclable according to the table in the clarification? size or the combination of materials used. Yes 9. Is the packaging free of hotmelt and non-washable Source: KIDV Recycle Check rigid plastic packaging Non-washable adhesives and hotmelt impede the recycling No adhesives? process. Yes No Recycling 10. Is the packaging free of enclosed metal components? Enclosed metal components impede the recycling of plastic. Yes The dye in the packaging material impedes the recycling 11. Is the packaging free of opaque PET? No process. Yes This type of packaging material is only recycled on a limited 12. Is the packaging not a PET tray? No scale at the moment. Yes Tip: To help consumers dispose of the packaging correctly, it is The packaging is easily recyclable. advisable to include a disposal logo on the packaging. Go to www.weggooiwijzer.nl for more information.

www.loraxcompliance.com | info@loraxcompliance.com | www.enviro-pac.com

SWEDEN – FTI MODULATED FEES FOR PLASTIC PACKAGING



As of April 1, 2019, there are now two plastic categories with different fees. For 2020:

Level 1 fee: 5.22 SEK/kg

Level 2 fee: 3.47 SEK/kg

- Made from recommended types of plastic, i.e. PE, PP (excluding film) and transparent PET bottles
- NOT black
- Less than 2% EVOH barrier material
- Not laminate
- Maximum 60% printed area
- No shrink sleeve made from other types of plastic than the packaging

PP
HDPE
PET trays and
PP foil
Other foil
PVC
PS
EPS
PLA
Other biodegra
OXO-degradab
*Materials fr

"A Quick Guide: The Right Plastic Packaging

	Sorting	Treatment	Purchaser
LDPE foil	Ø	Ø	Ø
PP	Ø	Ø	Ø
HDPE	Ø	Ø	Ø
PET trays and bottles*	Ø	Ø	Limited market
PP foil	Ø	Ø	Limited market
Other foil	Ø	Ø	Limited market
PVC	Ø	Ø	Limited market
PS	Ø	Amount too low	-
EPS	Ø	Technique not available	-
PLA	Ø	Technique not available	-
Other biodegradable	Technique not available	Technique not available	-
OXO-degradable	Technique not available	Technique not available	-

rom transparent PET bottles (such as canola or corn oil) have a market and can therefore be considered recyclable, unlike PET trays and colored PET bottles.





Beginning in 2020, a new fee structure applies for paper packaging in order to "reflect the actual costs of recycling and to promote an increase in the share of recyclable packaging."

- Level 1 fee: 3.28 SEK/kg
 - All paper packaging containing mixed/glue material.
- Level 2 fee 2.23 SEK/kg
 - All paper packaging consisting solely of paper:
 - No wax, aluminum, plastic, etc. barriers
 - No plastic "windows"
 - No composites, wet-strength paper or wax-treated paper

TYPES OF SCHEMES

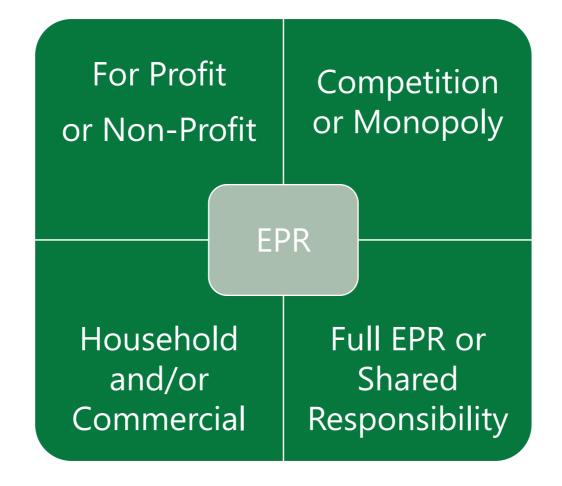


For Profit: UK, Austria, Germany

Non-Profit: Canada, Belgium

France / Canada: Household only

Austria / UK: Commercial included



UK: Currently 10 schemes but considering a move to one non-profit scheme.

Germany: Several schemes, but as of 2019 producers must also report to the government.

Many countries moving toward 100% producer responsibility.

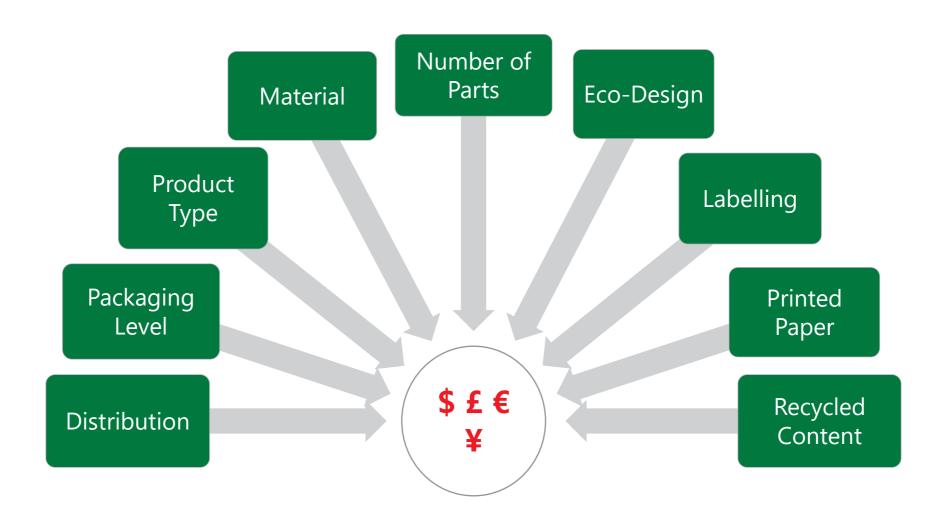
BURDEN OF REPORTING



- In the US, brand owners and retailers often do not have data necessary for accurate packaging EPR reports – they require time to gather it.
 - **Solution:** Establish a transitional period for companies to use estimated data, then require real data reporting (typically more advantageous for producers)
- Many programs upon startup will use a simple fee calculator, which potentially costs companies more than using real data – phase out simple fee calculator over time.
 - Many programs also have a flat fee option for small stewards (\$1M to \$5M).
 - Many programs also require reviews by a fiscal auditor.

WHAT AFFECTS EPR COSTS

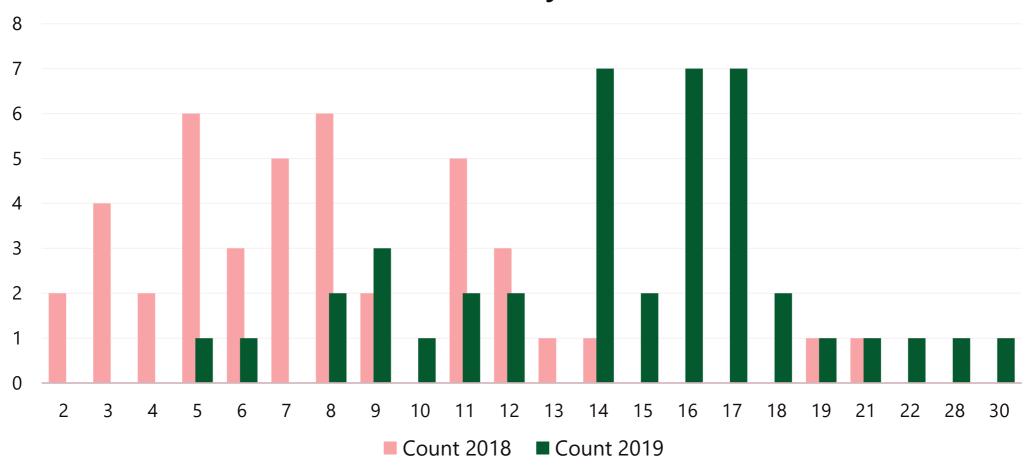








Data Points by Scheme



EPR FEES COMPARISON – GLOBAL YOGURT CONTAINERS



Glass Yogurt Container

(141 g)



- Clear glass container:
 131.24 g
- Aluminum lid: 0.87 g
- Paper label: 0.2 g

Plastic Yogurt Container

(150 g)



- PP plastic container:9.18 g
- Aluminum lid: 0.84 g

USD/1,000 units

	ВС	Ontario	Québec*	Belgium	France**	Italy
Glass Container	\$17.49	\$4.13	\$21.29	\$5.92	\$2.08	\$3.95
Plastic Container	\$8.24	\$2.61	\$2.66	\$7.28	\$3.50	\$4.45

^{*}Québec fees are draft

^{**}France also adds a CSU (consumer sales unit) fee which has not been calculated

EPR FEES COMPARISON – GLOBAL COFFEE CONTAINERS



Steel Can

(283 g)



- Steel can: 108.5 g
- PP label: 1.9 g
- Aluminum seal: 1.8 g
- HDPE cap: 5.8 g

Plastic Canister

(292 g)

- HDPE can: 68.5 g
- PP label: 1.1 g
- Multi-material film seal:
 - 1 g
- LDPE cap: 10.2 g

Flexible Pouch

(311 g)

- Plastic/aluminum blend pouch: 17 g
- LDPE closure strip: 1.5 g



	ВС	Ontario	Québec*	Belgium	France**	Italy
Steel Can	\$29.57	\$6.58	\$15.87	\$24.15	\$7.94	\$3.20
Plastic Canister	\$50.67	\$10.57	\$11.75	\$36.60	\$28.09	\$21.86
Flexible Pouch	\$15.87	\$5.20	\$5.09	\$17.27	\$8.40	\$11.02

^{*}Ouébec fees are draft

^{**}France also adds a CSU (consumer sales unit) fee which has not been calculated www.loraxcompliance.com | info@loraxcompliance.com | www.enviro-pac.com

EPR FEES COMPARISON – GLOBAL BABY FOOD PACKAGING



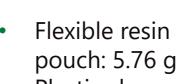
Glass Jar (128 ml)



- Clear glass: 89 g
- Metal lid: 6.3 g
- Paper label: 0.6 g

Multilayer Pouch

(128 ml)



Plastic closure:2.78 g

2-Pack Plastic Pot/Lid (100 ml per unit)



- Plastic pot/lid: 9.74 g
- Plastic lid film:0.75 g
- Carton sleeve: 2.9 g

USD/1,000 units

	ВС	Ontario	Québec*	Belgium	France**	Italy
Glass Jar	\$13.12	\$3.13	\$15.27	\$5.24	\$1.66	\$2.70
Multilayer Pouch	\$8.61	\$2.40	\$3.16	\$7.17	\$3.94	\$4.83
2-Pack Plastic Pot/Lid	\$9.80	\$3.20	\$3.52	\$10.00	\$5.37	\$6.46

^{*}Québec fees are draft

^{**}France also adds a CSU (consumer sales unit) fee which has not been calculated

EPR FEES COMPARISON – GLOBAL



E-COMMERCE



Corrugated (**138.7 g**) HDPE (**5.7 g**)



LDPE (**21.7 g**)



Paper Laminate (**21.7 g**)



LDPE (**17.2 g**)

USD/1,000 units

	ВС	Ontario	Québec*	Belgium	France**	Italy
Shipping Box w/ Air Pillow	\$43.14	\$13.59	\$25.51	\$13.63	\$27.70	\$8.14
Plastic Bubble Mailer	\$18.62	\$6.10	\$9.02	\$17.11	\$8.68	\$10.49
Paper Bubble Mailer	\$13.80	\$4.71	\$5.67	\$20.53	\$3.98	\$1.32
Plastic Bag Mailer (no bubble)	\$14.76	\$4.83	\$7.15	\$13.56	\$6.88	\$8.31

^{*}Québec fees are draft

^{**}France also adds a CSU (consumer sales unit) fee which has not been calculated

MAINE DRAFT DEFINITION OF "PRODUCER" 38 M.R.S. §1771



"Producer" means a person that:

- A. Has legal ownership of the brand of a product sold in or into the State;
- B. Imports a product branded by a person that meets the requirements of paragraph A and has no physical presence in the United States; or
- C. Sells a product in the State at wholesale or retail, does no have legal ownership of the brand of the product and elects to fulfill the responsibilities of the producer for that product.



Victor Bell

US Managing Director, Environmental Packaging International/ Lorax Compliance

vbell@enviro-pac.com +1 (401) 423-2225 ext. 800 enviro-pac.com