

Protect Clean Water in Maine

Increase protections for more than 400 miles of rivers and streams with the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP)'s water reclassification proposal.

Clean water benefits all Mainers. It increases property values, supports the fishing and guiding industries, and helps our fish and wildlife to thrive.

For the first time since 2009, DEP is proposing upgrades to water quality protections for Maine rivers.

- According to state and federal law, DEP must do this every three years.
- All the rivers and streams in DEP's proposal already meet the higher standards DEP is proposing, and many should have happened years ago.

DEP's proposal includes the following spectacular waterbodies:

- The Penobscot main stem from Medway to the confluence with the Mattawamkeag River in Mattawamkeag (upgrade from Class C to Class B);
- The West Branch of the Penobscot from the Millinocket area to Medway (upgrade from Class C to Class B);
- Fish Stream, which is part of the ecologically important Crystal Bog complex, a unique natural feature in Maine that supports many rare species of plants and animals (Upgrade from Class B to Class A); and
- All of the tributaries to Webb Lake, many of which are in the Tumbledown Public Reserved Land and provide excellent brook trout habitat (upgrade from Class B to Class A).

The Penobscot River upgrades are particularly important to the Penobscot Nation and to protect the investment (about \$60 million in public and private funds) in the highly successful Penobscot **River Restoration Project.**

- As a result of two dam removals and improved fish passage at other dams, sea-run fish (e.g., shad and alewife) populations in the river are recovering dramatically. The fish need clean water to continue their recovery and to be able to recolonize the upper reaches of the River.
- The West Branch and upper main stem are the last segments of the river still at Class C, Maine's lowest classification, in spite of the fact that they have met Class B for many years.
- The upgrades to Class B in the West Branch and upper main stem would allow substantial industrial development in the Millinocket area with discharges of about 7,000 pounds of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) per day on average, according to DEP modeling. BOD is a common measurement of wastewater pollution. To put this number in perspective, 7,000 pounds of BOD per day is about twice the average discharge of the Verso mill in Jay.



Support DEP's Water Reclassification Proposal and Maine's Clean Water

For more information, contact Nick Bennett, Natural Resources Council of Maine at 207-430-0116, nick@nrcm.org



Maine's Environmental Priorities Coalition

is a partnership of 34 environmental, conservation and public health organizations representing over 100,000 members who want to protect the good health, good jobs and quality of life that our environment provides.

We are counting on Maine policymakers to take the important steps needed to make wise use of Maine's extraordinary environment so Maine people and Maine communities can thrive.

Acadia Center

Maine People's Alliance

Appalachian Mountain Club

Maine Public Health Association

Atlantic Salmon Federation

Maine Rivers

Bicycle Coalition of Maine

Maine Wilderness Guides

Organization

Conservation Law Foundation

Midcoast Conservancy

Environmental Health Strategy Center

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Environment Maine

Natural Resources Council of Maine

Friends of Casco Bay

Physicians for Social Responsibility, Maine Chapter

Islesboro Island Trust

RESTORE: The North Woods

Maine Association of Conservation Commissions

Sierra Club, Maine Chapter

Maine Audubon

Southern Maine Conservation

Collaborative

Maine Center for Economic Policy

The Ocean Conservancy

Maine Conservation Alliance

The Trust for Public Land

Maine Council of Churches

The Wilderness Society

Maine Council of Trout Unlimited

Toxics Action Center

Maine Interfaith Power & Light

Upstream

Maine Lakes Society

350 Maine

Maine Organic Farmers & Gardeners Association